		COWWISSING		
1	FEDERAL ELE	CTION COMMISSION		
2	999 E S	STREET, NW 2012 MAY 1 AM 9: 10		
3	WASHING	GTON, DC 20463		
4		COUNSEL S DEPORT CELA		
5	FIRST GENERAL COUNSEL'S REPORT			
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7		Pre-MUR 533		
8		DATE RECEIVED: March 13, 2012		
9		DATE ACTIVATED: April 10, 2012		
10				
11		EARLIEST SOL: March 7, 2017		
12		LATEST SOL: March 11, 2017		
13		·		
14	SOURCE:	American Future Fund		
15				
16	RELEVANT STATUTES:	2 U.S.C. § 434(f)		
17		2 U.S.C. § 441d		
18		11 C.F.R. § 100.29		
19		11 C.F.R. § 104.20		
20		11 C.F.R. § 110.11		
21	•	-		
22	INTERNAL REPORTS CHECKED:	Disclosure Reports		
23				
24	FEDERAL AGENCIES CHECKED:	None		
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26	I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>	•		
27	Pre-MUR 533 was initiated by a sua	sponte submission ("Submission") filed on behalf of		
28	the American Future Fund ("AFF" or "Respo	ondent*). In March 2012, AFF disbursed		

the American Future Fund ("AFF" or "Respondent"). In March 2012, AFF disbursed \$29,205.63 for a cable television advertisement that was intended for broadcast in the Commonwealth of Virginia at a time when there was no upcoming federal election in Virginia within 30 days. Due to a cable hroadcasting practice that AFF claims to have been previously unaware of, the advertisement also aired in parts of Maryland and the District of Columbia, where federal elections, namely presidential primaries, were scheduled within 30 days. Thus, when broadcast in Maryland and the District of Columbia, the ad qualified as an electioneering communication; however, AFF failed to file timely disclosure reports or include a complete

disclaimer on the communication, as required by the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as
 amended ("the Act") and its implementing regulations.
 Upon learning of the Maryland and District of Columbia broadcasts, AFF took prompt

corrective action including the cessation of the broadcasts, the filing of belated electioneering communication disclosure reports with the Federal Election Commission ("Commission"), and the filing of its *sua sponte* submission.

Respondent acknowledges in the Submission that the ad did not include a proper disclaimer, and the disclosure reports were not filed within 24 hours of the communications.

Accordingly, we recommend that the Commission find mason to believe that AFF violated 2 U.S.C. §§ 434(f) and 441d by failing to properly report and include proper disclaimers on the communications aired in Maryland and the District of Columbia.

II. FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

A. Factual Background

American Future Fund is a 501(c)(4) organization that describes itself as a "multi-state issues advacacy group designed to effectively communicate conservative and free market ideals." See http://americanfuturefund.com. It is registered with the Commission and has filed a number of electioneering communication reports since its founding in 2008.

The Commonwealth of Virginia held its presidential primary on March 6, 2012. The State of Maryland and the District of Columbia held their presidential primary elections on April 3, 2012. President Obama was a candidate for the Democratic Party's presidential nomination in primary elections held in all three jurisdictions.

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1	Respondent produced and distributed a broadcast advertisement entitled "Wall Street"
2	intended to air on cable television in Virginia from March 7 to March 13, 2012. Submission at 1.
3	The \$29,205.63 ad criticizes President Obama's connection to Wall Street executives, featuring
4	television footage of the President and directing viewers to, "tell President Obama to come clean
5	about his Wall Street ties." American Future Fund, Wall Street (Feb. 27, 2012),
6	http://americanfluturefumd.com/aff-launches-tv-ad-obamas-wall-street. The ad also contains a
7	written disclaimer identifying AFF's web address and stating that it was "Paid for by American
8	Future Fund." Id.
9	Due to a broadcast practice known as the Designated Market Area ("DMA")
10	Interconnect, of which AFF asserts it was unaware, the ad also aired in Maryland and the District
11	of Columbia. Submission at 1-2. When AFF's buyer placed an ad buy for "Wall Street"
12	through the DMA Interconnect in Virginia, which had already held its presidential primary, the
13	ad was also transmitted to cable households in Maryland and the District of Columbia, and it was
14	aired within 30 days of their April 3, 2012 presidential primaries. Submission at 1-2.
15	When Respondent became aware that "Wall Street" was also running in Maryland and
16	the District of Columbia, it took immediate action to prevent any further broadcast in these
17	jurisdictions; instead of running through March 13, the ad only aned until March 11, 2012. Id.
18	at 2. Respondent also immediately filed two electionssring communications reports (FEC
19	Form 9) to disclose the disbursements made for these communications. Id. at 1-2. See also FEC
20	Forms 9 filed March 12, 2012. Finally, Respondent filed this sua sponte submission with the

A DMA Intercannect is a large group of cable systems within a particular geographic area that are connected, in that an advertiser can reach all of the cable households within a given market with one ad buy. See CABLETELEVISION ADVERTISING BUREAU, Local Cable FAQ's, http://www.thecab.tv/main/cablenetworks/localcablefaq/ (last visited April 18, 2012).

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- 1 Commission on March 13, disclosing that it had failed to timely file the disclosure reports for
- 2 and include a proper disclaimer on these communications.

B. Legal Analysis

- A person who makes an aggregate disbursement of \$10,000 or more to produce and air
- 5 electioneering communications must file disclosure reports with the Commission within 24 hours
- of making the communication. 2 U.S.C. § 434(f); 11 C.F.R. § 104.20. The Act defines
- 7 "election earing communication" as a broadcast, cable, or satellite communication that refers to a
- 8 clearly identified federal candidate and is publicly distributed within aither 60 days before a
- 9 general election for the affice sought by that candidate or 30 days of a primary election in which
- the candidate referenced is seeking the nomination of a political party. 2 U.S.C. § 434(f)(3)(A);
- 11 11 C.F.R. § 100.29.
- When a person who is not a candidate or authorized political committee makes a
- 13 disbursement for an electioneering communication, such communication must include a
- 14 disclaimer stating the name and permanent street address, telephone number or World Wide Web
- address of the person who paid for the communication, and state that the communication was not
- authorized by arry candidate or the candidate's committee. 2 U.S.C. § 441d(a); 11 C.F.R.
- 17 § 110.11(b)(3). Further, disclaimers on television ads must include an audio statement as to who
- or what group is responsible for the content of the advartinement. 2 U.S.C. § 441d(8)(2);
- 19 11 C.F.R. § 110.11(c)(4)(i)-(ii).
- 20 "Wall Street" clearly features President Obama, and the ad aired on cable television
- 21 within 30 days of the presidential primaries in Maryland and the District of Columbia. The ad
- 22 thus constitutes an electioneering communication pursuant to 2 U.S.C. § 434(f). Respondent
- 23 paid \$29,205.63 to produce and distribute the ad in Virginia, Maryland, and the District of

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1	Columbia. The portion of these costs allocable to the ad's broadcast in Maryland and the District
2	of Columbia exceeds the \$10,000 threshold provided by the statute, and therefore Respondent

- 3 should have filed disclosure reports within 24 hours of making the communications, by March 8.
- 4 However, Respondent did not file the disclosure reports until March 12. Accordingly, we
- 5 recommend that the Commission find reason to believe that AFF violated 2 U.S.C. § 434(f) by
- 6 failing to file the electioneering communication reports on time.

Additionally, although the ad contained a written disclaimer stating that it was "Paid for by American Future Fund" and identifying AFF's web address, it did not include a statement that the communication was not authorized by any candidate or candidate's committee, or an audio statement as to who or what group is responsible for the content of the advertisement.

Accordingly, we also recommend that the Commission find reason to believe that AFF violated

12 2 U.S.C. § 441d by failing to fully comply with the disclaimer requirements for electioneering

13 communications.

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IV. RECOMMENDATION	S

- 1. Open a MUR in Pre-MUR 533.
- 2. Find reason to believe that American Future Fund violated 2 U.S.C. §§ 434(f) and 441d.

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1 2 3		3.		
4		4.	Approve the attached Factual and Legal	Analysis.
6		5.		
5 6 7 8 9		6.	Approve the appropriate letters.	•
10 11				Anthony Herman
12 13				General Counsel
14			44.1	
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